## Malnutrition care pathway for care home residents

**Calculate MUST score** 

MUST 0 (low risk)

Complete a <u>nutritional care plan</u> (example on page 24).

If MUST 0 and pressure ulcer or poor wound healing, assess food and fluid intake ensuring adequate protein is being consumed. Consider using <u>food</u> and <u>fluid checklist</u> (page 11) and <u>food and fluid record chart</u> (page 28).

If no concern follow MUST 0 pathway.

If intake appears inadequate follow MUST 1 or more pathway ensuring sufficient protein intake. Consider a referral to a dietitian. MUST 1 or more (medium or high risk)\*

Include the following assessments and information in a <u>nutritional</u> <u>care plan</u> (example on page 24).

- Assess underlying causes and consider appropriate onward referrals. Consider using <u>underlying causes checklist</u> (page 9)\*\*.
- Set a <u>nutritional aim</u> (supporting information on page 10).
- Assess food and fluid offered and consumed for 4 to 7 days. Consider using <u>food and fluid checklist</u> (page 11) and <u>food and</u> <u>fluid record chart</u> (page 28).
- Observe at least 2 mealtimes (including main meal). Consider using mealtime observation checklist (page 12).

## Adopt 1, 2, 3 approach\*\*\*:

- 1 pint of fortified milk a day
- 2 nourishing snacks a day (including a high calorie fortified snack)
- 3 fortified 2-course meals a day

Consider offering 1 or 2 homemade fortified drinks a day, particularly if additional help on top of the 1,2,3 approach is needed, or there is a very poor intake or a high MUST score. Consider a multivitamin and mineral supplement (over the counter). Weigh weekly for MUST 2 or more, or if clinical concern.

## **Reassess MUST score monthly**

Continue reviewing nutritional care plan and screen monthly using MUST.

- Assess nutritional care plan and review progress towards nutritional aim until achieved. Consider requesting dietitian referral if:
- MUST 2 or more and no progress following food first approach
- on texture modified diet and at risk of malnutrition and no progress following food first approach
- non-healing wound or high grade pressure ulcer and no progress following food first approach

\* Patients with complex nutritional needs, for example renal disease, cystic fibrosis or gastrointestinal disorders, require specialist advice and should be referred to dietetic services.

\*\* If MUST 1 or more and pressure ulcer or poor wound healing, follow MUST 1 or more pathway with emphasis on high protein options and consider dietitian referral.

\*\*\* For obese residents whose appetite has returned to normal and whose weight has stabilised, consider aiming for weight maintenance with a healthy balanced diet and ensure sufficient protein for strength regain.